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EXAMINER

GELIN, JEAN ALLAND

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

2617

DATE MAILED: 10/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/893,418

Applicant(s)

AALTONEN ET AL.

Examiner

Jean A. Gelin

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 16 August 2006.
- 2a) ☒ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1 and 3-29 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 28 and 29 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1, 3-27 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

1. This is in response to the Applicant's arguments and amendments filed on August 16, 2006 in which claims 1, 4, 11, and 18 have been amended, and claims 28-29 have been added. Claims 1, and 3-29 are currently pending

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.

3. Claims 1, 3-27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Rebhan et al. (WO 99/33076).

Regarding claim 1, Rebhan teaches a method for locating a terminal for delivery of content in a broadcast network (page 17, line 4 to page 18, line 28) comprising: receiving a request for said content at said terminal (a demand is originated from a consumer, page 9, lines 1-10, page 11, lines 25-35); associating the terminal with a transmitter operable in another network (i.e., information consumer 190 is associated another network 130 to transfer locality of the consumer to transfer point 110, page 18, lines 30-35); interrogating the another network to determine the location of the transmitter (i.e., transfer point interrogates the consumer to establish transfer configuration via the second network 130, page 5, lines 11-19, page 23, line 20 to page 24, line 9); first attempting to deliver the content to the terminal at the location of the

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transmitter using one of a plurality of transmitters in said broadcast network (page 5, line 25 to page 6, line 3); and in response to determining that said first attempt failed, second attempting to deliver said content to said terminal using more transmitters in said broadcast network than were used in said first attempt (if initial contact with the consumer is not possible, the secondary bidirectional transfer network provides information of where the DVD receiver is located so that only suitable DVD transmitters in the area are used, page 4, lines 7-23 and page 6, line 10 to page 7, line 31).

Regarding claim 3, Rebhan teaches an apparatus for delivering content to a terminal in a broadcast network (i.e., transferring information from a provider to a consumer, page 4, lines 7-11) comprising a processor operable to interrogate another network to obtain calling line identity information for, and determine the location of, a transmitter associated with the terminal and deliver content to the terminal at the determined location (prior to send content to DVD receiver, the bidirectional transfer network determines the location of the consumer by having a network identification and uses the minimum number transmitters necessary to deliver information to the consumer (e.g., terminal, page 4, lines 7-34).

Regarding claim 4, Rebhan teaches a head end apparatus for use in a first multi-transmitter broadcast network, the apparatus comprising a terminal locator operable in response to a request to deliver content to a terminal in the first network to obtain terminal location information from a second, different network, a memory (database 120) having stored therein transmitter location information, said transmitter location information including a look up table cross referencing a plurality of cellular telephone

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cells with footprints of a plurality of cellular telephone cells with footprints of a plurality of transmitters in said broadcast network to identify transmitters having footprints that overlap with said cells (fig. 1) and a controller operable in response to the request to determine whether said terminal is mobile or fixed, transmit content to determine from the terminal and transmitter location information a suitable transmitter to deliver the content to the terminal (see page 5, line 10 to page 6, line 3, page 16, lines 22-25, page 18, line 1 to page 19, line 3) and to transmit the content to the terminal using the suitable transmitter (page 4, lines 7-33 and page 13, lines 15-27).

Regarding claim 5, Rebhan teaches wherein the terminal locator is further operable to identify said second, different network type from said request (page 16, lines 22-26, page 21, line 25 to page 22, line 30).

Regarding claim 6, Rebhan teaches wherein the terminal locator is further operable to determine a source of said request (page 9, lines 20-28).

Regarding claim 7, Rebhan teaches further including a router connectable to a plurality of transmitters and operable to deliver the content to the suitable transmitter (page 9, lines 29-34).

Regarding claim 8, Rebhan teaches terminal for use with a first multi-transmitter broadcast network, including a receiver operable to receive content transmitted by a selected one of a plurality of transmitters of the first network (i.e., DVB receiver receiving broadcasting information from the DVB network, page 9, lines 29-34 and page 16, lines 19-32) and a further transmitter connected to a second network from which the first network derives information relating to the location of the further transmitter to facilitate

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selection of the one transmitter wherein said terminal is configured to communicate with said further transmitter using a wireless data link (page 9, lines 11-34, page 13, lines 14-27).

Regarding claim 9, Rebhan teaches wherein the further transmitter provides a back channel to send a request for specific content to the first network (page 9, lines 7-34 and page 11, lines 2-17).

Regarding claim 10, Rebhan teaches wherein the further transmitter is included in a mobile station interfaced with the terminal (page 16, lines 19-21).

Regarding claim 11, it has limitations similar to claim 1 recited above, hence the claim is rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the rejection of claim 1 above.

Regarding claim 12, Rebhan teaches wherein the further transmitter is integrated with the terminal such as the first and second networks share at least one common piece of equipment (fig. 1, the bidirectional transfer network 130 and the DVB network 140 share the transfer point 110).

Regarding claim 13, Rebhan teaches wherein the second network is bidirectional transfer network such as GSM, Nordic Mobile Telephone, PSTN, or the like (which can include a public land mobile network, page 4, line 30 to page 5, line 3).

Regarding claim 14, Rebhan teaches wherein the location information is derived from a Home Location Register of the public land mobile network (page 14, line 30 to page 15, line 15).

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Regarding claims 15, 16, Rebhan teaches wherein the location information is derived by the combination of one or more transmitters frequency (corresponding to base station triangulation), (page 19, lines 14-34).

Regarding claim 17, Rebhan teaches wherein the location information is obtained from a global positioning system receiver (page 18, lines 30-35).

Regarding claims 18, 20, Rebhan teaches method of delivering content using a selected transmitter of a first broadcast network to a first terminal in proximity to a second terminal in a second network comprises deriving location information relating to the second terminal from the second network (page 5, lines 11-19) and utilizing that information in the selection of a suitable transmitter (page 5, line 33 to page 6, line 3), and in response to a determination that said first terminal failed to successfully receive content sent by said selected transmitter, selecting a different transmitter of said first broadcast network and resending said content to said first terminal using said different transmitter (page 6, line 10 to page 7, line 31, page 24, line 10 to page 25, line 7).

Regarding claim 19, Rebhan teaches wherein the location information is derived from a Home Location Register of the public land mobile network (page 14, line 30 to page 15, line 15).

Regarding claim 21, Rebhan teaches wherein the terminal locator is further operable to determine a source of said request (pages 17 and 18).

Regarding claim 22 and 23, Rebhan teaches a router connectable to a plurality of transmitters and operable to deliver the content to the suitable transmitter (i.e., transfer point, page 9, line 29 to page 10, line 17).

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Regarding claim 24, Rebhan teaches wherein the further transmitter is included in a mobile station interfaced with the terminal (i.e., transceiver connected to DVB receiver, page 16, lines 19-21).

Regarding claim 25, Rebhan teaches wherein the second network is bidirectional transfer network such as GSM, Nordic Mobile Telephone, PSTN, or the like (which can include a public land mobile network, page 4, line 30 to page 5, line 3).

Regarding claims 26-27, Rebhan teaches wherein the transmitter provides location information (i.e., the frequency of the transmitter is used to locate the information consumer 190, page 19, lines 14-17).

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 28-29 are allowed.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed 8/16/09 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

As per claim 1, the Applicant argues in substance that Rebhan teaches a push system that initially tries to contact the consumer using the bidirectional network; if that fails, then the Rebhan system issues a general call to ask the consumer to turn on his bidirectional transceiver and confirm that he received the call. According to Applicant the general call is not an attempt "to deliver the request content to said terminal using more transmitters in said broadcast network than were used in said first attempt.

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However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding argument. Rebhan teaches in response to the failure of the first attempt, i.e., transceiver of bidirectional transfer network is turned off or the transfer point has erroneous information, then a general call is made via the bidirectional transfer network, which provides information of where the DVD receiver is located so that only suitable number of transmitters in the area are used for the information transfer. Rebhan further teaches minimum number of necessary DVD transmitters needs to be used for information transfer (page 4, lines 7-30). Therefore, the claimed limitations are read on Rebhan.

The Applicant further argues that Rebhan's consumer may demand a resend, with no teaching or suggestion that the resend uses more transmitters. However, the system of Rebhan requests the use of necessary DVD transmitters to complete the transfer of information (i.e., request to resend transferred information via transfer bidirectional network.

As per claim 11, the Applicant further argues in substance that Rebhan fails to teach the first broadcast network is configured to automatically resend said requested content to said terminal using a different one of said plurality transmitters. However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding assertion. Resending the corrupted transferred information does not request user input (page 8, lines 1-29).

As per claim 18, the Applicant further argues that Rebhan fails to teach resending said requested content to said first terminal using said different transmitter. However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding arguments. Rebhan teaches

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resending corrupted transferred information and using suitable transmitters to transfer information as recited above.

As per claim 3, the Applicant request clarification as to what feature in Rebhan is alleged to show calling line identity. However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding assertion, the calling line identity is the identity of the transmitter. The bidirectional transfer should have in order to determine the location of the transmitter.

As pr claim 4, the Applicant further argues that there is no teaching or suggestion in Rebhan that identifies "transmitters having footprints that overlap with said cells. However, the Examiner disagrees with the preceding assertion. In the system illustrated in fig. 1, Rebhan teaches a plurality DVD transmitters mapped on the overlapping cells 146-147). Therefore the claimed limitation is met and the rejection is final.

The Applicant further argues that claims 5-7 and 21-23 depend from claim 4 and are allowable for the same reason. The Examiner disagrees because the rejection of claim 4 is maintained.

As per claim 8, the Applicant further argues that Rebhan fails to teach the terminal is configured to communicate with said further transmitter using a wireless data link. However, it is clear in fig. 1 that DVD receiver is equipped with an antenna and the transceiver is also equipped with an antenna. Inherently both receiver and transceiver have the capability to receiver over air information. Therefore, the rejection is maintained.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jean A. Gelin whose telephone number is (571) 272-7842. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:30 AM to 7:00 PM.

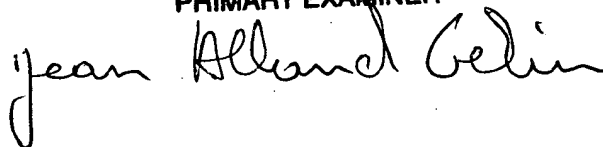
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Banks-Harold Marsha can be reached on (571) 272-7905. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JGelin
October 20, 2006

JEAN GELIN
PRIMARY EXAMINER

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Jean Gelin". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned below the printed name and title.